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DOC 2010-04 Amendment to The Common Academic Program

University of Dayton. Academic Senate. Academic Policies Committee

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Proposal to the Academic Senate

Title: The Common Academic Program

Submitted By: The Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate


Action: Legislative Authority

Reference: Art. II. B. 1.b

See also: DOC 81-02, DOC 03-08, DOC 07-02, DOC 06-09, CAP Comparison Chart, and CAP Feedback Form

Dear Colleagues,

Attached below is the April 13, 2010 document titled “The Common Academic Program” submitted by the Coordinating and Writing Task Force and evaluated through the Academic Policies Committee. The 2010 CAP proposal culminates a five-year, university-wide collaboration by faculty to transform education at the University of Dayton. Importantly, this document is borne out of truly extensive dialogue from faculty, staff, and students across every sector of the university.

Curricular revision began in 2005 when the Marianist Education Working Group (a committee of ten faculty representing all units across UD) researched best practices in general education and facilitated campus-wide conversations about Marianist educational practices at UD. Their research and highly consultative process produced the document Habits of Inquiry and Reflection (HIR) that sets forth the Marianist-based educational aims for a “common academic program.” While HIR focused educational revision through the articulation of seven student learning outcomes, the Marianist Education Working Group acknowledged that the more significant work of large-scale curricular revision rested with the faculty. Since 2006, over two hundred faculty have stepped forward to serve on key committees, working groups, and departmental focus groups, bringing significant revision to this 2010 CAP.
During the 2006-2007 academic year, over fifty faculty discussed and Senate representatives adopted the seven overarching learning outcomes in *HIR* as guidelines for units to follow when drafting their student learning goals (Senate DOC 07-02). Throughout the 2007-2008 academic year, a sub-committee of the Academic Policies Committee (made up of nine faculty representing all units across the university) drafted the early outlines of CAP. Using *HIR* as the foundation, this CAP sub-committee affirmed the distinguishing characteristics for a common academic program at UD to include: a developmental approach over four years; a commitment to reciprocity between the College and the professional schools; a clear integration of the major and CAP; and interdisciplinary learning opportunities. Notably, this first CAP drafted by the 2008 Academic Policies Committee (APC) sub-committee strengthens the University’s commitment to educating in the Catholic and Marianist traditions through the values expressed in the *HIR* student learning outcomes.

With the understanding that the 2008 CAP offered a framework for university-wide curricular revision, the 2008-2009 APC collected, summarized and publicly posted wide-ranging feedback from the university community. These conversations are documented in over two hundred pages from twenty-two departments and professional schools, five programs, and seven additional groups of staff, students, and faculty. Working towards refinement of CAP, the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate appointed the 2009-2010 CAP Coordinating and Writing Task Force to move the process forward. The Task Force reviewed the past research on CAP, suggested adjustments to the program, then established and tasked nine working groups including seventy faculty with developing components of CAP. The working groups consulted widely to develop criteria for CAP as the Task Force presented drafts of CAP to the university community. Each draft was vetted through APC Forums and APC Open Meetings. Over 200 faculty, students and staff attended the four forums and ten meetings in 2010. The discussions and feedback were documented and publicly posted in another two hundred pages of Forum and APC Meeting Minutes (see CAP and Senate sites at quickplace.udayton.edu).

At the February and March Open Meetings, the APC considered the Diversity & Social Justice Requirement proposal, the Natural Sciences proposal to add 1 credit hour, the Crossing Boundaries Working Group proposal to merge (or not merge) Inquiry & Integration, and the
Upper Level Humanities course. Our deliberations considered each proposal, its thematic contributions towards CAP, the HIR learning outcomes, and the possible resultant increase in CAP credit hours. As a brief introduction to the most recent APC recommendations: During April the APC deliberated on Senate concerns, resolving criteria for the Inquiry course and instituting a limit on CAP hours whereby students can complete CAP requirements without taking more credit hours outside the major than are currently required. The APC recognizes that over the next 24 months faculty initiative and creativity, with University support, could address the credit hour concerns while maintaining all of the CAP components. The APC also considered a proposal to amend the single social science course. After hearing from faculty in Economics, Psychology, and the Social Science Working Group, the APC determined that the proposal from the Working Group was the best proposal for the single experience that all UD students would be required to have in the social sciences. Social Science faculty understand the theme-based course asks them to teach from their area of specialty and to deliver introductory knowledge from two other disciplines at a modest level of proficiency appropriate for 1st and 2nd year students. The Social Sciences Working Group devoted five months to examining the issue and supported their criteria with a 6/2 vote. Many social sciences faculty believe they have the ability to draw upon at least three disciplines, they can integrate this knowledge around a common theme, and are motivated to do so. With the CAP criteria as it stands, social sciences faculty will be able to develop curricula to satisfy the specific needs of particular departments or schools.

Lastly, the APC considered a proposal to modify content of the CAP Oral Communication course. The Oral Communication Working Group confirmed the interviewing modules will be offered more appropriately as one-credit hour electives students take in their third or fourth year. Importantly, this supplements the interviewing services already provided to all students by Career Services. The introductory course, as it stands, is structured to supply students with foundational skills such as dialogue, oral presentations, critical thinking and oral argument. The Working Group surveyed over thirty departments, identifying skills needed earlier such as persuasive argument, explanation of complex concepts to non-experts, and effective public
speaking, all of which serve as the foundation for interviewing skills. Given this, the APC voted
to maintain the Oral Communication Course Proposal as is.

In summary, CAP 2010 represents in-depth study of best practices in curricular
innovation and it reflects the values of the university’s faculty, staff and students. Over the past
five years, key faculty representatives on university committees studied current literature on
curricular reform; studied literature on the character and history of Catholic and Marianist higher
education in the United States; participated in the Association of American Colleges and
Universities’ Institutes on General Education; convened numerous campus-wide forums and
meetings for conversation about a common academic program (MEWG 2005, MEWG 2006,
APC 2008, APC 2009, APC 2010); solicited departmental reports about Marianist education and
a common academic program (MEWG 2006, APC 2008, APC 2009, APC 2010); issued interim
reports summarizing these conversations and key points for further dialogue (MEWG 2007, APC
2008, APC 2009, CAP Task Force 2009 and 2010, APC 2010); and incorporated community
insight throughout a rigorous and extensive evaluation process.

Throughout the past five years, faculty have offered insight on building a more
intentionally developmental approach to undergraduate education. They have explored methods
that facilitate interdisciplinary study and dynamic integration with the major. The University of
Dayton faculty, staff and students have engaged its educational mission with a commitment to
scholarship and serious exploration of diverse perspectives within the Catholic and Christian
traditions and alternative perspectives. The APC is deeply appreciative to the many faculty,
students and staff who devoted the time, energy and focus involved in shaping this collaborative
effort. Given their contributions, the APC supports this formal CAP proposal and welcomes its
presentation to the Academic Senate to be discussed and acted upon at the Senate’s April 23,
2010 meeting.

On behalf of the Academic Policies Committee,
Judith Huacuja, Chair of the APC.
Revised Proposal for the Common Academic Program

CAP Coordinating and Writing Task Force

Patrick Donnelly (Chair), Department of Sociology, Anthropology and Social Work, Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate

Margaret Pinnell, Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

Danielle Poe, Department of Philosophy

April 13, 2010
I. Introduction
Throughout its long history, the University of Dayton has sought to advance the intellectual, cultural, social, moral, and spiritual development of undergraduates and to intentionally incorporate into its educational program key elements of the Catholic intellectual tradition and its Marianist charism. The University’s efforts to revise its common curriculum for all undergraduate students seek to build on the strengths of our current program while incorporating many innovative concepts and ideas generated by faculty at the University of Dayton and professionals nationally to provide a more integrative, more reflective, and more engaging educational program for University of Dayton students in the 21st century. These efforts embody the spirit of the Marianist tradition which invites an openness to change and acceptance of the challenge presented by Blessed William Joseph Chaminade, the founder of the Society of Mary, when he wrote “New times call for new methods.”

II. Background and Context
The University of Dayton first adopted its General Education Program for all undergraduate students in the Fall of 1983 when Senate Doc #81-2 was approved. Its stated purpose was to make “students aware of the diversity of intellectual thought and theory represented by the sciences, the humanities and the social sciences. In addition, the general education component offers the students an opportunity to synthesize and evaluate information from various disciplines and thus enhance the study of a specific profession.” In 1991 significant curricular revisions were made to the General Education Program including the introduction of the Humanities Base and Thematic Cluster requirements.

The current effort to develop a new common academic program dates back to February 2005 when the Marianist Education Working Group, was established to facilitate a campus-wide discussion about the purposes and substance of a Marianist education at UD. Based on an examination of numerous documents relating to Catholic and Marianist education and on extensive consultation, it presented recommendations about how a common academic program should express the ideals of university education in the Catholic and Marianist traditions. The
Group’s 2006 report, *Habits of Inquiry and Reflection: A Report on Education in the Catholic and Marianist Traditions at the University of Dayton (HIR)* identified key goals, a mission statement, and seven student learning outcomes of an education in the Catholic and Marianist tradition. The report is available at:


The key aspects of *HIR* that provide important guiding principles and goals of the development of the academic plan include the following.

*Education in the Catholic and Marianist traditions at the University of Dayton: 1) seeks knowledge in a sacramental spirit; 2) pursues learning in, through, and for community; 3) cultivates practical wisdom; 4) forges critical ability to read the signs of these times; and 5) supports discernment of personal and communal vocation…*

Accordingly, the common academic program for undergraduates should be guided by the following mission statement:

*Students educated in the Catholic and Marianist traditions at the University of Dayton pursue rigorous academic inquiry, in a sacramental spirit, and engage in vigorous dialogue, learning in, through, and for community. Guided by the purpose of transforming society for the ends of justice, peace, and the common good, the University’s academic program challenges students to excellence in their majors, cultivates practical wisdom in light of the particular needs of the twenty-first century, and fosters reflection upon their individual vocations.*

The *HIR* report identified seven core student learning outcomes for the common academic program.

The learning outcomes presented below are intended to function at the level of the common academic program. They could be promoted in different ways, through different structures and activities, in the student’s major, in General Education and the Competencies programs, in co-curricular programming, and in learning experiences that transpire outside the formal curriculum. They are not to be regarded as the exclusive responsibility of a limited segment of the university community. Rather, they should shape all intentional planning for students’ educational experience in every division of the university.

The proposed outcomes do not necessarily map onto unique elements of the common academic program, and they do not exhaust the goals of the academic program for students.

1. **Scholarship:** All undergraduates will develop and demonstrate advanced habits of academic inquiry and creativity through the production of a body of artistic, scholarly or community-based work intended for public presentation and defense.
2. **Faith traditions:** All undergraduates will develop and demonstrate ability to engage in intellectually informed, appreciative, and critical inquiry regarding major faith traditions. Students will be familiar with the basic theological understandings and central texts that shape Catholic beliefs and teachings, practices, and spiritualities. Students’ abilities should be developed sufficiently to allow them to examine deeply their own faith commitments and also to participate intelligently and respectfully in dialogue with other traditions.

3. **Diversity:** All undergraduates will develop and demonstrate intellectually informed, appreciative, and critical understanding of the cultures, histories, times, and places of multiple others, as marked by class, race, gender, ethnicity, religion, nationality, sexual orientation, and other manifestations of difference. Students’ understanding will reflect scholarly inquiry, experiential immersion, and disciplined reflection.

4. **Community:** All undergraduates will develop and demonstrate understanding of and practice in the values and skills necessary for learning, living, and working in communities of support and challenge. These values and skills include accepting difference, resolving conflicts peacefully, and promoting reconciliation; they encompass productive, discerning, creative, and respectful collaboration with persons from diverse backgrounds and perspectives for the common purpose of learning, service, and leadership that aim at just social transformation. Students will demonstrate these values and skills on campus and in the Dayton region as part of their preparation for global citizenship.

5. **Practical wisdom:** All undergraduates will develop and demonstrate practical wisdom in addressing real human problems and deep human needs, drawing upon advanced knowledge, values, and skills in their chosen profession or major course of study. Starting with a conception of human flourishing, students will be able to define and diagnose symptoms, relationships, and problems clearly and intelligently, construct and evaluate possible solutions, thoughtfully select and implement solutions, and critically reflect on the process in light of actual consequences.

6. **Critical evaluation of our times:** Through multidisciplinary study, all undergraduates will develop and demonstrate habits of inquiry and reflection, informed by familiarity with Catholic Social Teaching, that equip them to evaluate critically and imaginatively the ethical, historical, social, political, technological, economic, and ecological challenges of their times in light of the past.

7. **Vocation:** Using appropriate scholarly and communal resources, all undergraduates will develop and demonstrate ability to articulate reflectively the purposes of their life and proposed work through the language of vocation. In collaboration with the university community, students’ developing vocational plans will exhibit appreciation of the fullness of human life, including its intellectual, ethical, spiritual, aesthetic, social, emotional, and bodily dimensions, and will examine both the interdependence of self and community and the responsibility to live in service of others.
The Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate charged the Subcommittee on the Common Academic Program with creating a draft proposal for a common academic program based on the seven learning outcomes in *HIR*. The Subcommittee presented its Draft Report, *The Common Academic Program* in August 2008. The CAP sought to: provide a more developed understanding of the Catholic and Marianist traditions explicated in *HIR*; structure a developmental program that built the learning outcomes over the students’ years at UD; provide integration of general education with the major; provide significant interdisciplinary experiences throughout the undergraduate experience; and promote reciprocity of learning between the College and the undergraduate schools. Following extensive feedback, the ECAS established the Coordinating and Writing Task Force in April, 2009 to present a plan to move the process forward. The Work Plan presented by the Task Force in August 2009 proposed maintaining those features that are central to the University mission and that were supported by the University community. The Work Plan sought to maintain a number of distinguishing guiding principles of the CAP, including the following:

The central feature of CAP is the developmental nature of the program which begins in the first year and builds towards a more sophisticated appreciation of the learning outcomes over four years, both in the CAP courses and the major…

An education in the Catholic and Marianist tradition emphasizes the unity of knowledge and seeks to develop integrative thought across disciplines. The Catholic intellectual tradition calls for collaborative efforts across disciplinary bounds. The Marianist approach to education promotes linking theory and practice, and liberal and professional education through integrative learning and living in community. The CAP seeks to build on this tradition and approach.

This creation of a strong and distinctive common academic program also reflects changes in higher education at a national level. These changes involve both pedagogy and content. Robert Barr and John Tagg (1995) describe the transformation from a more traditional teaching paradigm to a learning paradigm. In the teaching paradigm, the mission of the college is to teach while in the learning paradigm, the mission is to produce learning. In recent decades higher education has placed greater focus and emphasis on student learning rather than on instruction per se. This transition fits well with the Marianist mission of the University which seeks to implement the philosophy of Blessed William Joseph Chaminade: “We teach in order to
educate.” This program seeks to emphasize student learning outcomes that are tied both to the mission of the institution as well as to the particular fields of study. The focus on common outcomes, addressed in various ways across elements of the program, will serve as an integrative feature within the program as well as facilitating integration between the program and the major fields of study.

The common academic program also incorporates educational programs that have been shown to enhance student engagement in their educational journey. These include a common intellectual experience with some basic common courses that are connected to more advanced integrative courses, communities such as Learning-Living Communities that integrate learning across courses, writing intensive courses, undergraduate research, collaborative projects and assignments, courses and programs that encourage understanding and appreciation of cultures and life experiences other than our own, service learning, community-based programs, internships, and capstone experiences.

III. Overview and Components

The CAP curriculum is designed to be developmentally integrative. Skills, content and outcomes that are introduced in foundational courses will be reinforced and broadened in subsequent courses. The curriculum will develop distinctive graduates who possess the critical reading, writing, oral communication, quantitative reasoning, and information literacy skills that students need to function in their academic, community, and professional lives. The program will introduce students to the various ways of knowing found in different disciplines and to courses and experiences that help to integrate knowledge across the disciplines. CAP is designed to provide all University of Dayton students with an excellent and distinctive education yet ensure sufficient flexibility for students to complete their degree requirements in an appropriate time frame. To achieve that end, the College and the Schools will make a collective commitment to cooperate in the design, development, and delivery of the curricular components to ensure that the new CAP structure does not result in students taking more credit hours outside their major than they are currently required to take.
The outcomes or goals of Habits of Inquiry and Reflection will serve as a unifying theme for the CAP. The CAP will address the seven HIR outcomes, not necessarily in any single course, but as a composite whole. The seven HIR outcomes will be introduced in the first-year Humanities courses and regularly addressed in later CAP courses and experiences. These outcomes will not be the only learning outcomes for CAP courses or experiences. Each disciplinary or interdisciplinary course or experience will also develop outcomes specific to that course or experience.

Components of the Common Academic Program

1. First-Year Humanities Courses – 12 total credit hours
   Introductory courses in Religious Studies, Philosophy and History and a First-Year Writing Seminar.

2. Second-Year Writing Seminar – 3 credit hours

3. Oral Communication – 3 credit hours

4. Mathematics – 3 credit hours

5. Social Science – 3 credit hours

6. Arts – 3 credit hours

7. Natural Sciences – 7 total credit hours

8. Faith Traditions (Crossing Boundaries) – 3 credit hours

9. Practical Ethical Action (Crossing Boundaries) – 3 credit hours

10. Inquiry Course (Crossing Boundaries) – 3 credit hours

11. Integrative Course (Crossing Boundaries) – 3 credit hours

12. Major Capstone Course or Experience – hours determined by department

In addition to the introductory Religious Studies and Philosophy courses, all students are required to take a total of six hours of approved courses in religious studies or philosophical studies. All students are required to take three additional hours of approved courses in historical studies beyond the introductory History course. These nine hours in religious studies, philosophical studies and historical studies may also satisfy the Faith Traditions, Practical Ethical Action, Inquiry, and Integrative components.
All students must take a three-hour course that has been approved for the Diversity and Social Justice requirement. Courses used to satisfy the Diversity and Social Justice requirement may also satisfy the Faith Traditions, Practical Ethical Action, Inquiry, Integrative, the Major Capstone components, or a course in the students’ major.

Students with transfer credits or credits earned through Advanced Placement or College Level Examination Program may apply those toward appropriate CAP components.

First-Year Humanities

The first-year Humanities component will introduce the seven student learning outcomes and develop appropriate disciplinary objectives as part of the first-year courses in Religious Studies, Philosophy, History and English that create a foundation for student learning in the rest of the Common Academic Program and their majors. These courses will exhibit, at an introductory level, the value of humanistic inquiry and reflection as a means of advancing the seven learning outcomes. Particular emphasis will be placed on the diversity outcome. Collectively, these courses will introduce students to the concept that learning is a process of integrating knowledge within and across disciplines. To help students understand the relationship between disciplines and to begin to understand the importance of integrating knowledge across disciplines, the faculties of the departments offering these courses will develop other common elements, questions or themes to be considered in these courses. These courses challenge students to ask the question: “What does it mean to be human?” These courses will, when considered collectively, familiarize students with central concepts and texts of the Catholic intellectual tradition.

The CAP program will contain two writing courses, a first-year writing seminar and a second-year writing seminar. As part of the First-Year Humanities component of the CAP, students will enroll in either a first-year writing seminar or a first-year honors writing seminar. Many students will begin by taking the first-year writing seminar. This course focuses on personal and academic literacies, with an emphasis on expository writing and the development of college-level reading, writing, research, and critical thinking skills as well as a process approach to writing. With its focus on personal and academic literacies, the first-year writing seminar...
addresses directly the question, “What does it mean to be human?” as it explores the relationship
between reading/writing (or literacy) and being human. Based on placement criteria, some
students will qualify to enroll in the first-year honors writing seminar. This course will also
engage the question of what it means to be human in a manner fitting the context of a themed
writing seminar (see description of second-year writing seminar below). Together, then, the first-
year writing seminar and the first-year honors writing seminar will provide all incoming first-
year students with a course in writing that supports multiple HIR outcomes and explores the
question, “What does it mean to be human?” Students who complete the first-year honors
writing seminar will not take the second-year writing seminar.

The second-year writing seminar, taken by students who completed the first-year writing
seminar, is a variable theme composition course focused on academic discourse, research, and
argumentation. Students will further develop their reading, writing, research, and critical
thinking abilities as they come into contact with the ways that various disciplines (at least three)
engage a particular theme. In addition, by studying scholarship across disciplines students will
develop rhetorical awareness about the arguments, approaches, and conventions of these
disciplines. A focus throughout the course will be on enabling students to take a process
approach to making effective arguments in a complex academic context.

Oral Communication

To enhance students’ ability to communicate effectively, all students will complete three
hours in oral communication, normally in their first or second year of study. The Oral
Communication foundational course will focus on the concepts of dialogue and debate, with the
goals of engaging in constructive mutual dialogue in conversations and meetings; developing the
ability to articulate, analyze, and defend a position in a public forum; understanding the
differences between dialogue and debate; and understanding relative advantages and
disadvantages of each mode of communication. With its focus on dialogue and debate, the
course will assist students in the development of the skills necessary for learning, living, and
working in communities. By developing the ability to engage in conversation that advances
understanding, students will be better able to interact and collaborate with persons from diverse backgrounds and perspectives.

Mathematics

To enhance quantitative reasoning skills, all students will complete three hours in mathematics. The particular course will vary based on the students’ major and background in mathematics. The mathematics courses are most closely related to the HIR outcomes related to scholarship, practical wisdom and critical evaluation of our times.

Arts

To ensure that all students acquire a basic understanding of the arts as significant manifestations of diverse cultural, intellectual, aesthetic, and personal experiences, all students will complete a three hour component in the Arts. The Arts component may include courses from the Departments of Music, Visual Arts, English and the Theatre Program. Courses will assist students to develop skills and acquire experiences that enable them to understand, reflect upon, and value the creative process within the context of the arts. The requirement may be satisfied by taking studio and performance courses as well as historical studies courses. Students may satisfy the three hour requirement with one three hour course or a combination of one- and two-hour courses. Given the diversity of the Arts, the specific learning outcomes addressed will vary across courses.

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1 APC provided the following clarification regarding this requirement to the Academic Senate, who then discussed, voted on, and approved the clarification on April 15, 2016: The Academic Policies Committee understands that the language “in mathematics” to clearly specify an academic department in the College of Arts and Sciences. Although the second line indicates that “the particular course will vary based on the student’s major and background in mathematics” this does not imply mathematics courses could be developed outside of the Mathematics Department which fulfill this component. Instead, it states that the Mathematics Department is to work with other departments to ensure an appropriate array of mathematics courses are offered that address the needs of various different majors and academic units. Therefore, the Committee on the Common Academic Program (referred to in this document as the Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies) can only approve of courses to fulfill the Mathematics component of CAP that are created within the Mathematics Department.
Social Science

Essential to life in the 21st century is an understanding of the relationship between individuals, groups and institutions. All students will complete three hours in the social sciences. The social science course will be a theme-based course that varies across sections but shares common learning outcomes. The course will use social science methods and social theory to critically examine a human issue or problem from at least three social science disciplinary perspectives (anthropology, economics, political science, psychology and sociology). The course will emphasize outcomes related to scholarship, critical evaluation of our times, and the diversity of the human world.

Natural Science

An understanding of many significant issues confronting our world today requires a basic understanding of science. Students must take two three-hour lecture courses in the physical or life sciences or computer science, at least one of which should be accompanied by a corresponding one-hour laboratory section. Lecture sections are either a pre-requisite or co-requisite to their correlative laboratory sections. Students will be exposed to at least two of the five disciplines: biology, chemistry, computer science, geology, and physics. The science component will actively challenge students to explore the scientific dimensions of complex, controversial or unresolved problems facing human society. It will further the development of the outcomes related to scholarship, practical wisdom and critical evaluation of our times by challenging students to achieve an enriched understanding of the scientific method by applying it

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2 APC provided the following clarification regarding this requirement to the Academic Senate, who then discussed, voted on, and approved the clarification on April 15, 2016: The Natural Science component of CAP is meant to introduce students to concepts central to understanding the physical or life sciences or computer science. These introductory courses are currently best delivered through the Natural Sciences division of the College of Arts and Sciences. Therefore, the Committee on the Common Academic Program (referred to in this document as the Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies) can only approve of courses to fulfill the natural science component of CAP that are created within the Natural Science departments.
to issues of broad public interest. The community outcome will also be enhanced through the
team-based learning that occurs in the laboratory setting.

**Crossing Boundaries**

The Crossing Boundaries component includes four courses (Faith Traditions, Practical
Ethical Action, Inquiry and Integrative courses) that challenge students and faculty to link
aspects of their own lives, majors, and careers to a broader world within and outside academia.
As a Catholic, Marianist, comprehensive university, the University of Dayton is particularly
well-suited to develop curricular programs that forge these links and to offer extracurricular
experiences to help students reflect on and understand these links. These courses focus on faith
traditions, practical ethical action, Inquiry and Integration. Collectively, these courses will
strengthen the Catholic intellectual tradition in significant ways. This tradition in Catholic and
Marianist higher education emphasizes the centrality of theology and philosophy, the importance
of linking faith and reason, the integration of knowledge, and the application of that knowledge
to personal and social situations in the world today. Collectively, these courses will build on our
strengths as a comprehensive Marianist university by engaging students and faculty across
disciplinary lines and across academic units in order to see the relationship between the practical
and the theoretical and to understand issues in a more integrative and holistic perspective. The
student learning outcomes related to faith traditions, diversity, practical wisdom, critical
evaluation of our times, and vocation are particularly important for this set of courses.

The course on faith traditions is designed to encourage students to better understand,
reflect on, and place their own religious beliefs and experiences in a broader historical or cultural
context. Courses satisfying the faith traditions component may be offered by any department
provided that the courses incorporate some of the ideas from the introductory religious studies
course and that they develop students’ ability to examine their own faith commitments and to
participate in dialogue with other faith traditions. The courses will: 1) place religious traditions
within their historical context; 2) examine their philosophical foundations or the internal logic of
religious thought, language, and practice; 3) compare religious traditions by examining their
philosophical foundations, historical origins, artistic expressions, canonical texts, and/or storied
practices; or 4) examine a religious tradition with which students are unfamiliar (e.g., a non-Christian tradition).

The practical ethical action course is designed to cross the boundaries between the theoretical and the practical and between the liberal arts and the applied fields. It offers the opportunity for faculty to cross the boundaries of their own disciplines to dialogue with faculty from other disciplines in ways that enrich their own understanding of important ethical issues and that enrich the courses they offer to students. Courses satisfying the practical ethical action component may be offered by any department provided that the courses engage students in thick description and analysis of ethical issues using concepts central to the study of ethics such as justice, rights, natural law, conscience or forgiveness and that the courses provide sufficient normative content that allow students to reflect on value judgments and ethical reasoning and practical application. These courses will draw from relevant interdisciplinary knowledge as well as an understanding of the professions and social institutions.

The Inquiry component of CAP requires that students select a course outside their own division to better understand the ways of knowing found in other academic disciplines. The Inquiry course provides an opportunity for all academic units, particularly the professional schools, to develop courses for the CAP. The Inquiry course will serve as an introduction to key methods of investigation, interpretation, exploration, and ways of knowing. Taking a course outside one’s major can broaden awareness of differing philosophies or analytic approaches, and it can offer new ways of conceiving of and resolving problems. The Inquiry course will provide students an opportunity to contrast inquiry in their own field with a different discipline’s methods of inquiry. Some modes of inquiry engage experimentation and creative practice; other modes employ cognitive systems or analytical frameworks. Still other modes of inquiry investigate the complexity of systems, languages, or cultures. Exposure to modes of inquiry not typically used in the students’ major prepares them to think critically about ways of acquiring, evaluating, and applying knowledge claims within their own discipline. For this reason, the Inquiry course will include a reflective and comparative component in which a student examines methods in his or her major field with those in the field of the Inquiry course.
The integration of knowledge has a long-standing position within the Catholic intellectual tradition and an increasingly important role in understanding contemporary social issues and problems. The Integrative course in the CAP requires that faculty develop, and students select, a course that transcends disciplinary boundaries and explicitly examines significant social issues or problems in a multidisciplinary or interdisciplinary framework. Collaborative, interdisciplinary efforts by faculty are encouraged but not required for this course. Courses offered by one faculty member that bring together different disciplinary perspectives to enhance students’ understanding of significant issues may also be developed.

Major Capstone

The ability of students to integrate the knowledge acquired in the undergraduate career, both within the major and in the Common Academic Program, is greatly enhanced by a capstone experience. All students will have a capstone course or experience in their major. The capstone will provide students the opportunity to engage, integrate, practice, and demonstrate the knowledge and skills they have developed in their major courses and which reflect learning outcomes associated with the Habits of Inquiry and Reflection. The capstone will provide students the opportunity to engage in the scholarship, activity and/or practice of their major field and further the students’ understanding of their chosen vocation, career or profession. Students

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3 APC provided the following clarification regarding this requirement to the Academic Senate, who then discussed, voted on, and approved the clarification on April 15, 2016: The CAP requirement is fulfilled through the completion of one capstone experience. Departments must decide what the requirements must be in the case of double majors. The Academic Policies Committee also stresses the fact that a capstone need not be a credit bearing course and there exist a variety of options for departments to develop capstones that best serve their students. The options, which will be devised by faculty within each major, include, but are not limited to, the following examples: 1.) A credit bearing course; 2) Completion of an Honor’s Thesis; 3) Completion of a field work experience; 4) Completion of a community engaged learning project. Additionally, departments may choose to create alternative options to accommodate students with more than one major.
will present their work in a forum appropriate to their major. This course or experience will be
designed by faculty in each major. It may, or may not be assigned credit hours.

Advanced study in religious studies, philosophy, and history

As a Catholic and Marianist institution of higher education, the University regards
religious studies and philosophy as having special roles in the undergraduate curriculum and in
the attainment of University-wide learning outcomes. Students are expected to deepen their
knowledge of the religious and philosophical traditions that inform the Catholic and Marianist
education. Advanced study in these areas, especially when conducted through interdisciplinary
courses, also assists students in constructing integrated knowledge of the central human
questions examined in a liberal education. The fields of philosophy and religious studies,
together with historical study are indispensable for students’ education in the Catholic
intellectual tradition. Students will take courses beyond the 100 level in these fields to further
their understanding of the resources that the Catholic intellectual tradition offers for their own
personal, professional and civic lives and also for the just transformation of the social world. By
requiring every student to take six hours of courses in the areas of religious studies or philosophy
and three hours in history beyond the 100 level, the University expects students to engage in
liberal learning that connects theory and practice and to draw upon the resources of the Catholic
intellectual tradition as they consider how to lead wise and ethical lives of leadership and service.

Students will have flexibility in fulfilling these requirements. First, these courses will
frequently focus on issues related to, and satisfy the criteria for the Faith Traditions, Practical
Ethical Action, Inquiry and Integrative components of the CAP. Second, the criteria for these
requirements are disciplinary-based in the fields of religious, philosophical and historical studies
and therefore not limited to specific departments. Courses offered outside the Departments of
Philosophy, Religious Studies and History may count towards the advanced religious studies,
philosophy and history requirements if the courses draw extensively from those disciplinary
perspectives and address in significant ways aspects of the Catholic intellectual tradition.
Courses satisfying the religious studies component might examine the central beliefs, texts or
practices of one or more religious traditions or movements; examine ethics as a central feature of
a religious tradition including the use of Catholic social teaching as a resource, or; examine
cultural expressions of religious identity or tradition as the central focus of theological or
religious studies. Courses satisfying the advanced philosophical studies component might
evaluate competing solutions to theoretical or ethical options in the present day, or draw on the
philosophical resources of the Catholic intellectual tradition to address the challenges of their
times. Courses satisfying the advanced historical studies component might engage students in
the study and analysis of primary materials to further develop students’ historical sensibilities in
a way that illuminates the historical dimensions of HIR learning outcomes. The course could
examine a historical topic drawing on the work of historians to show how interpretations of the
past may change over time.

Diversity and Social Justice Course

As a Marianist university, the University has a special concern for the poor and
marginalized and a responsibility to promote the dignity, rights and responsibilities of all persons
and peoples. The University curriculum is responsible for contributing to this effort and does so
throughout the Common Academic Program, but in a more focused way through a Diversity and
Social Justice component. Every student will investigate human diversity issues within a
sustained academic context by taking at least three credit hours of course work that have a
central focus on one or more dimensions of diversity that are relevant to social justice. The
course must have a central focus on one or more dimensions of human diversity on the basis of
which systems, institutions, or practices that obstruct social justice have functioned. The
dimensions may include, but are not limited to, race, gender, socioeconomic class, and sexual
orientation. Courses may address diversity within the United States, in a global context, or both.
Since the course uses a social justice framework, it will consider constructive responses to such
injustice.

Courses approved to satisfy the Diversity and Social Justice component will build on
earlier CAP courses addressing diversity including the First-Year Humanities courses, the
Second-Year Writing Seminar, and the Social Science, Arts, Natural Science, and Oral
Communication courses. The Diversity and Social Justice component may not double count with these courses, but may double count with courses taken to satisfy other CAP components or courses taken in the student’s major.

IV. Administrative Structure

The position of an Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program will be created to facilitate, implement, and assess the Common Academic Program. Each school and College will establish its own Common Academic Program Committee. A University Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies will be established. The Assistant Provost will work closely with the designated Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences in these efforts to assure the integrity and quality of the Common Academic Program.

School/College Common Academic Program Committees

The College of Arts and Sciences, the School of Business Administration, the School of Education and Allied Professions, and the School of Engineering will each establish committees or specify an extant committee to carry out the unit’s responsibilities for the Common Academic Program. The size, composition, and selection procedure of each of these committees will be determined by, and based on, the needs of each of these academic divisions. The responsibilities of these Committees shall be the following:

1. Propose and/or review proposals for courses or experiences in the CAP originating from that College or School. Courses or experiences that involve faculty or staff from more than one unit would be proposed and reviewed by the authorized committees in all applicable units. If the Committee judges that a proposal meets the purposes of the CAP and that it would be an appropriate for students in that division, the Committee will forward the proposal to the University Committee on Common Academic Program and Competencies. If it does not reach this judgment, the Committee will return the proposal to the proposer with an explanation of its decision.

2. Periodically review approved courses and experiences relative to their appropriateness for students in that academic division.
3. Provide recommendations to the University CAP Committee relating to CAP policies and procedures.

4. Through communication with faculty and students in that academic division, facilitate an understanding of, and appreciation for, the Common Academic Program.

5. Work with the University Committee and with the Assistant Provost to conduct assessments of the Common Academic Program.

University Structure for the Common Academic Program and Competencies

The Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies will be a standing subcommittee of the Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate. In consultation with the provost and deans, the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate will appoint the members of the Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies. Membership on the Committee must be a representative cross-section of the various components of the University.

The Committee will be composed of a minimum of nine members plus three *ex officio* members. The *ex officio* members are the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program, an Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences; and the Registrar or designate. Membership shall be designated as follows:

1. Four faculty members: one each from the three professional schools of Business Administration, Education and Allied Professions, Engineering, and University Libraries.

2. Three faculty members from the College of Arts and Sciences with one each from the humanities, the social sciences, and the sciences.

3. Two student members from the Academic Policies Committee, or from the Common Academic Program Committees of the Schools or College, or from the Academic Senate.

4. At least three of the nine members must come from the Academic Senate, preferably from the Academic Policies Committee. At least one member must come from the Academic Policies Committee.

5. Each undergraduate dean has the option to serve or to appoint a designate as an *ex officio* member in addition to the *ex officio* members identified above.
Members with the exception of the students shall have staggered three-year terms of office. Student members shall have a one-year term of office, but may be reappointed by the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate.

The responsibilities of the University Committee on the Common Academic Program and Competencies shall be as follows:

1. Review courses and experiences that form the components of the Common Academic Program.

2. If the Committee judges that a proposal meets the purposes of the Common Academic Program and that the proposal appears feasible in terms of staffing and other resources, it shall approve the proposal. If the Committee does not judge that the proposal meets the purposes of the Common Academic Program, the Committee shall notify the proposer and the appropriate unit committee of its judgment with an explanation of its decision.

3. Facilitate communication and collaboration among faculty proposing courses and experiences.

4. Instruct the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program to identify and promulgate, at least once a year, a list of courses or experiences that have been approved for the Common Academic Program.

5. Keep a file of documents for approved courses in the CAP under the auspices of the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program.

6. With the assistance of the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program, monitor and evaluate courses and experiences in the CAP to insure that the CAP requirements can be satisfied by students in a timely and systematic fashion.

7. Review proposals that would satisfy more than one component of the Common Academic Program to determine whether the goals of the Common Academic Program would be met.

8. With the assistance of the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program and the Associate Dean, conduct evaluations of the Common Academic Program and make recommendations to the Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate for strengthening the Common Academic Program. A thorough and systematic evaluation of the Program will be
conducted two years after it has been implemented and every five years thereafter. The Committee may conduct a review of the Common Academic Program or any of its components at any time to assess the extent to which students are achieving the specified goals.

The Committee shall select its chairperson at the first organizational meeting each year. The chairperson will be selected from among the faculty serving on the Committee. The Committee shall develop its own procedures for performing its duties and such procedures shall be submitted to the Executive Committee of the Academic Senate for its approval.

The CAP Leadership Team

The CAP Leadership Team will serve as advocates for the Program during its implementation on campus and as an advisory body to the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program. Team members will be selected by the Academic Policies Committee in consultation with the academic deans to serve terms of two academic years. The Team will be chaired by the Assistant Provost and will include one faculty representative each from humanities, arts, mathematics and the natural sciences, social sciences, the undergraduate professional schools, the designated Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences, and one representative from Student Development.

The Team members will work as a group to:

1. Promote faculty understanding and participation in the Common Academic Program across the university;
2. Serve as CAP liaisons within their individual units;
3. Develop criteria for CAP Innovation Awards to support faculty and curricular development;
4. Distribute a Request for Proposals for CAP Innovation Awards twice a year;
5. Review and award grants to proposals that will significantly advance the development, implementation and continued vitality of the CAP.
6. Receive and review reports from awardees on the implementation and effectiveness of their projects.
Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program

An Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program will be appointed by the Provost after consultation with the Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate. The Assistant Provost will be responsible for the administration of all aspects of the Common Academic Program. The Assistant Provost will work closely with the designated Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences Associate Dean in assuring that the Common Academic Program is implemented in a manner consistent with the mission and policies of Common Academic Program.

Among other responsibilities, the Assistant Provost will:

1. Lead planning efforts for the initial implementation of the CAP including facilitation of professional development activities related to CAP;
2. Develop and implement a plan to communicate details about the CAP and its implementation to the entire University community, including faculty, advisors and students and facilitate an ongoing discussion among administrators, faculty, and students concerning the role of general education in the mission and vision of the University;
3. Promote faculty interest in and development of CAP course proposals and serve as a resource for faculty with questions about proposal development;
4. Work with the College and professional schools to coordinate CAP logistical and staffing issues;
5. Work with the College Associate Dean and professional schools to implement common procedures for effective assessment, review, and evaluation of the Common Academic Program;
6. Report the results of the assessment and evaluation to the Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate and other appropriate University bodies.
7. Work with the College Associate Dean and other university staff to identify and pursue possible outside funding sources for the Common Academic Program.

Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences
Because of the significant role of the College of Arts and Sciences in the Common Academic Program, the designated Associate Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences will play an important role in the implementation and administration of the Program. Among other roles, the Associate Dean will:

1. Promote faculty interest in and development of CAP course proposals and serve as a resource for faculty with questions about proposal development;

2. Coordinate faculty development and curriculum development activities in those areas of CAP that are generally limited to faculty in the College;

3. Work with the Assistant Provost to address logistical issues related to CAP and to implement procedures for effective assessment, review, and evaluation of the Common Academic Program. The Associate Dean will assist in reporting the results of that assessment to the Academic Policies Committee of the Academic Senate and other appropriate University bodies;

4. Work with the Assistant Provost for the Common Academic Program and other university staff to identify and pursue possible outside funding sources for the Common Academic Program.
VII. Bibliography

Appendix B. Membership of Task Force and Working Groups

### Coordinating and Writing Task Force
- Patrick Donnelly (SOC)*
- Margaret Pinnell (MEE)
- Danielle Poe (PHL)

### Arts Working Group
- Sharon Gratto (chair, MUS)
- Judith Huacuja (VAR)
- Joel Whitaker (chair, VAR)

### Crossing Boundaries Working Group
- Paul Becker (SOC)
- Mary Carlson (HST)*
- Jim Globig (ET)
- Brad Kallenberg (REL)
- Jayne Whitaker (VAR)
- Dennis Doyle (REL)

### English 200 Working Group
- Brian Bardine (ENG)
- Sheila Hassell-Hughes (chair, Department of English)*

### First Year Humanities Working Group
- Julius Amin (chair, HST)
- Myrna Gabbe (PHL)
- Bill Richards/John Inglis (chair, PHL)*
- Caroline Meritew (HST)
- Don Pair (Associate Dean for Integrated Learning and Curriculum)*
- Lori Phillips-Young (Writing Program Coordinator)
- Anthony Smith (REL)
- Cari Wallace (Director of New Student Programs)
- Sandra Yocum (chair, REL)

* Denotes chairperson(s).

* Dr. Inglis was on sabbatical in Fall 2009. During this time, William Richards served as interim department chair and member of this working group.
Major Capstone Working Group

Janet Bednarek (HST)  John Clarke (VCD)
Heidi Gauder (Library)  Elizabeth Gustafson (ECO)
Carissa Krane (BIO)  Art Jipson (director, CJS Program)
George DeMarco (HSS)  Phil Doepker (MEE)
Steve Wilhoit (ENG, LTC)*  David Wright (BIO, LTC)*

Mathematics Working Group

Joe Mashburn (chair, MTH)*  Art Busch (MTH)
Becky Krakowski (MTH)

Natural Science Working Group

Rex Berney (chair, PHY)  Dale Courte (chair, CPS)
Said Elhamri (PHY)  Carl Friese (BIO)
Aparna Higgins (MTH)  Mark Masthay (chair, CHM)
Allen McGrew (chair, GEO)*  Jayne Robinson (chair, BIO)
Mike Sandy (GEO)  Jennifer Seitzer (CPS)
Shawn Swavey (CHM)

Oral Communication Working Group

Lou Cusella (CMM)  Jon Hess (chair, CMM)*
Heather Parsons (CMM)  Sam Wallace (CMM)
Kathy Watters (CMM)

Social Science Working Group

David Biers (chair, PSY)  Kristen Cheney (ANT)
Ralph Frasca (ECO)  Nancy Martorano Miller (POL)
Fran Pestello (chair, SOC)*  Jason Pierce (chair, POL)
John Rapp (interim chair, ECO)  Carolyn Roecker Phelps (PSY)

* Denotes chairperson(s).