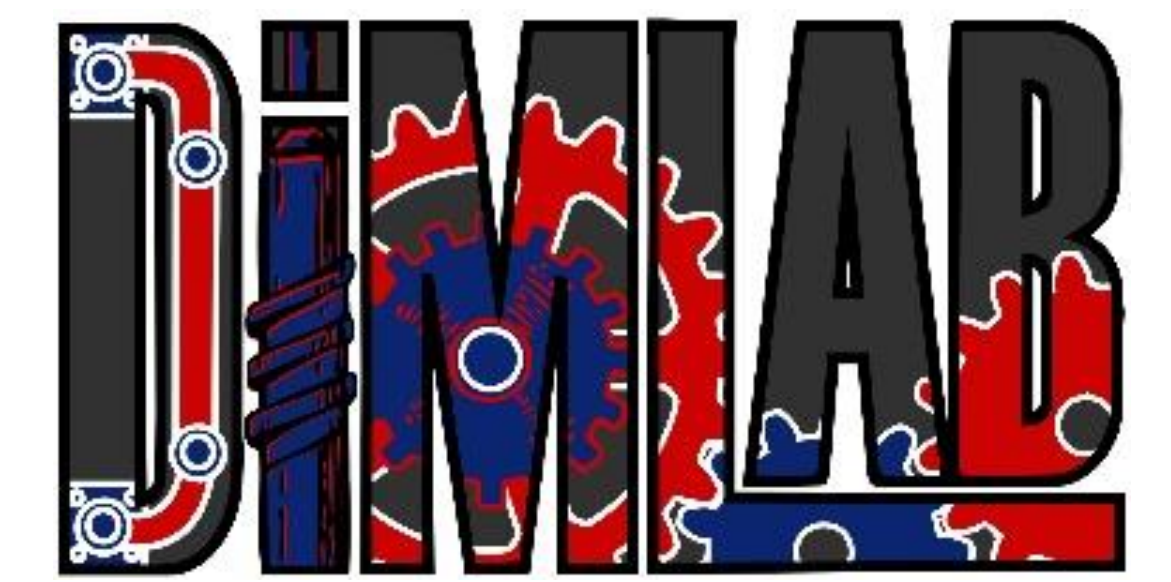


Variable Extrusion Dies that Exhibit Significant Changes in Exit Area

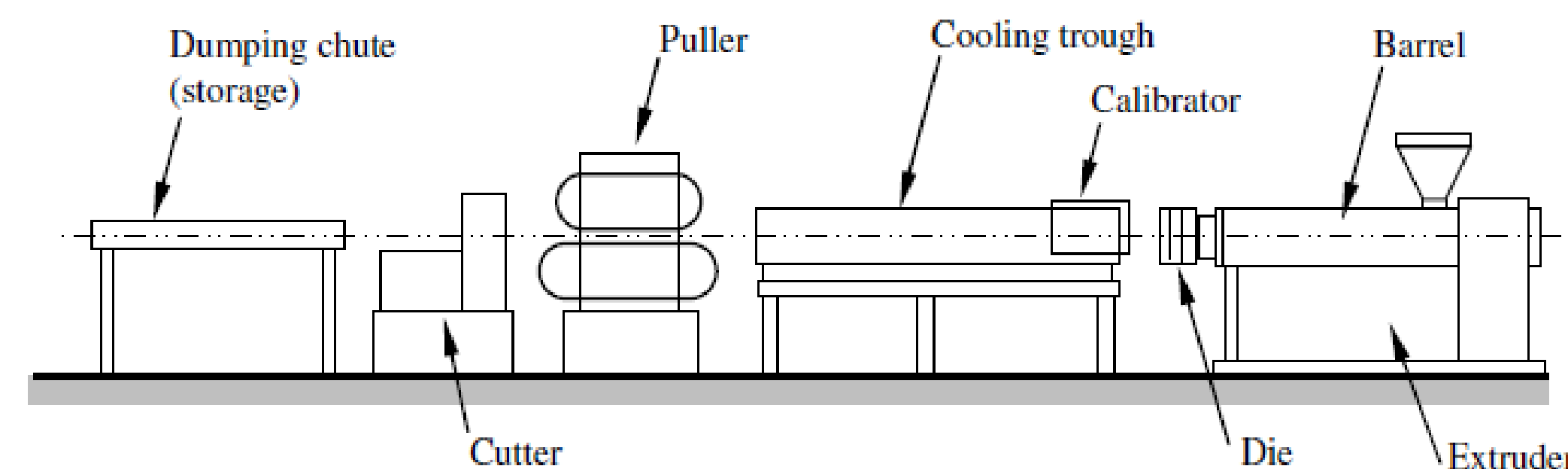
Heather Smith

Advisors: Dave Myszka, P.hD, Andrew Murray, P.hD



Polymer Extrusion

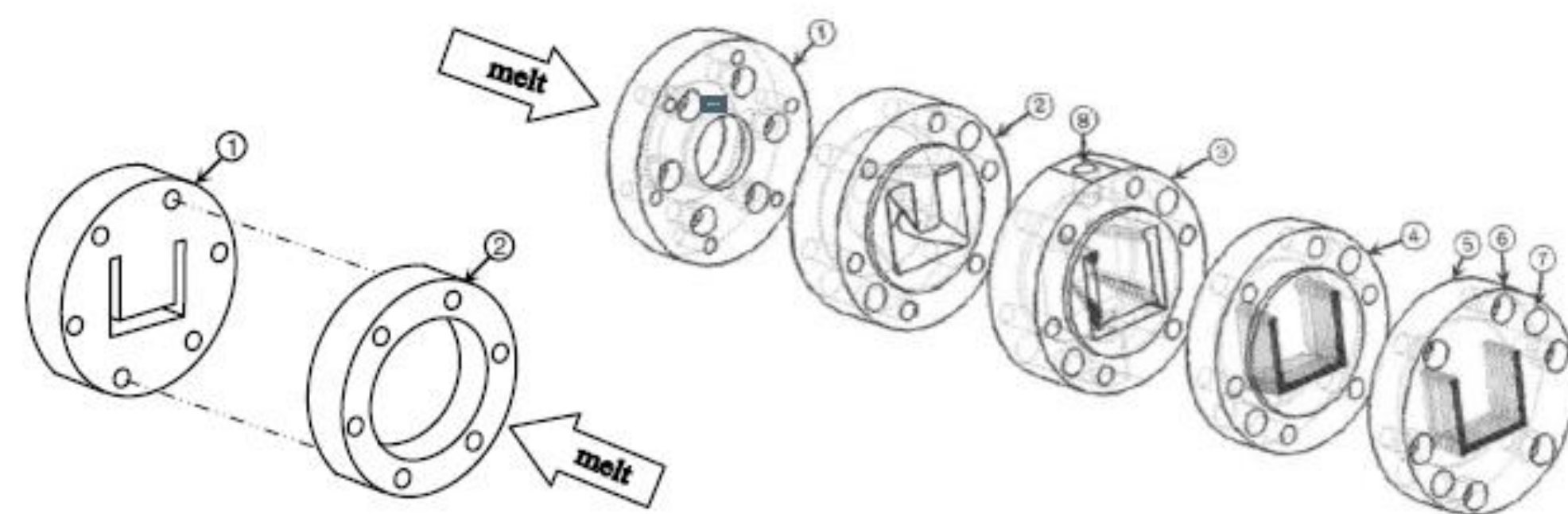
- Plastic resin is melted then pulled through a fixed geometry die plate
- Process creates long parts with uniform cross-sectional area such as pipes and molding
- Screw pressurized material by decreasing flow area
- Product may be cooled by fluid convection with water.



- Area may be altered by changes in:
- Screw speed
- Extrusion speed

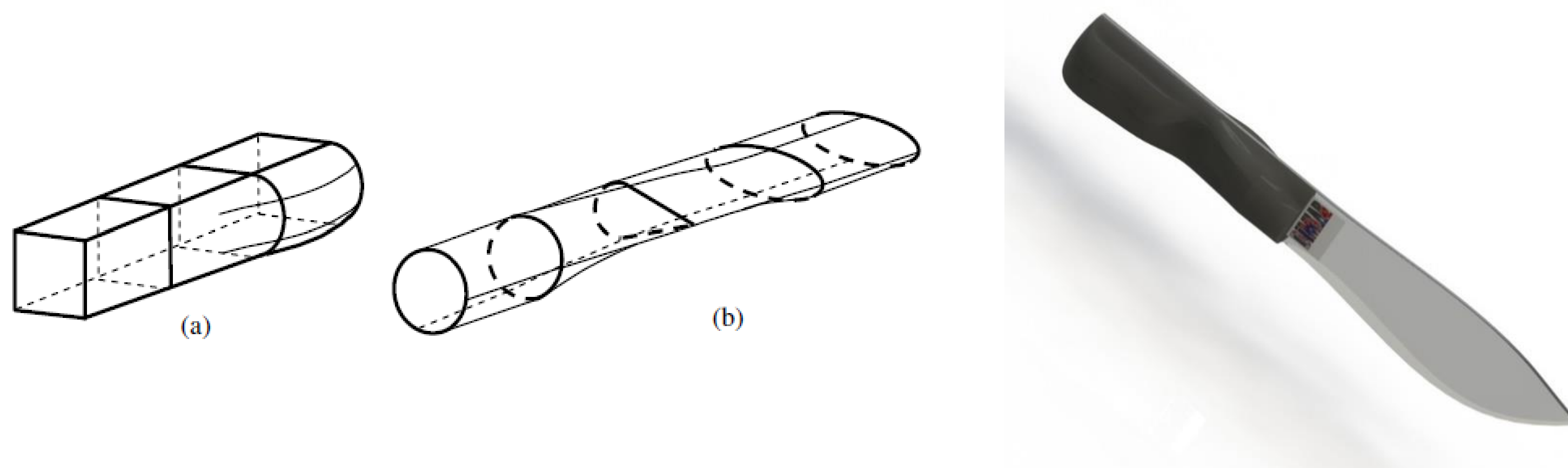
Current Die Technology

- Flat plate design
 - less expensive, more stagnation points
- Streamlined
 - less burnt material from stagnation zones



Variable Extrusion

- Expand the capabilities of extrusion by allowing the cross-sectional area to change over the length of the part.

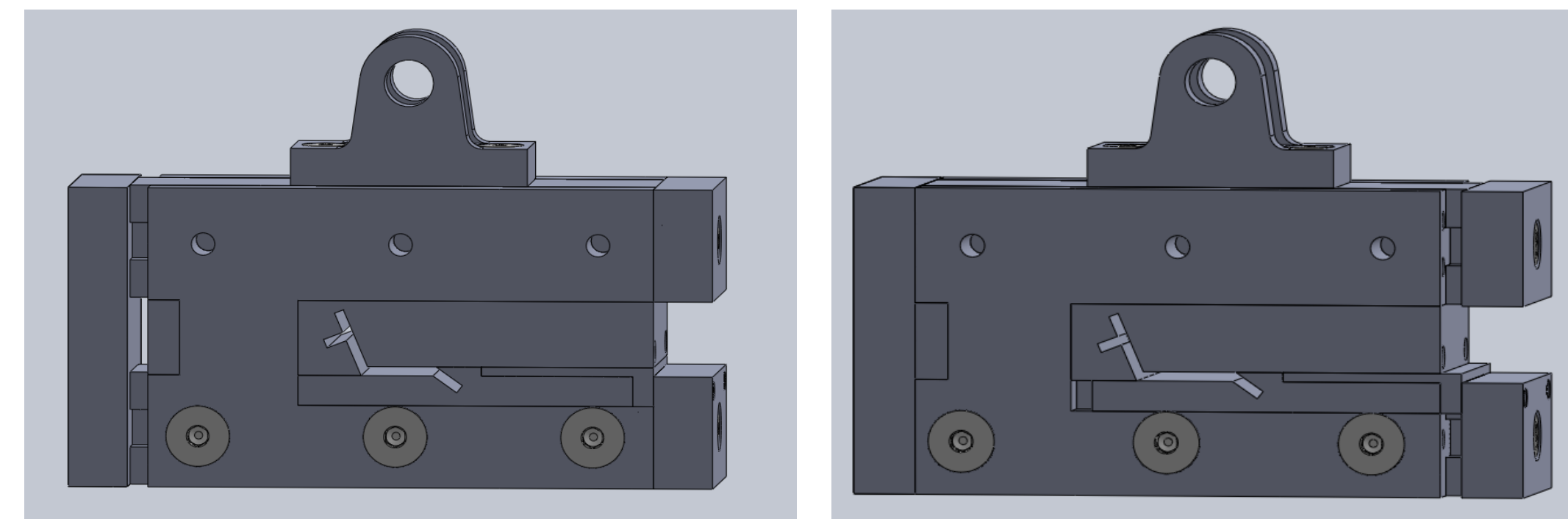


Various Extruder Models

Goal: To create an extruder which may produce a part with a variable cross section

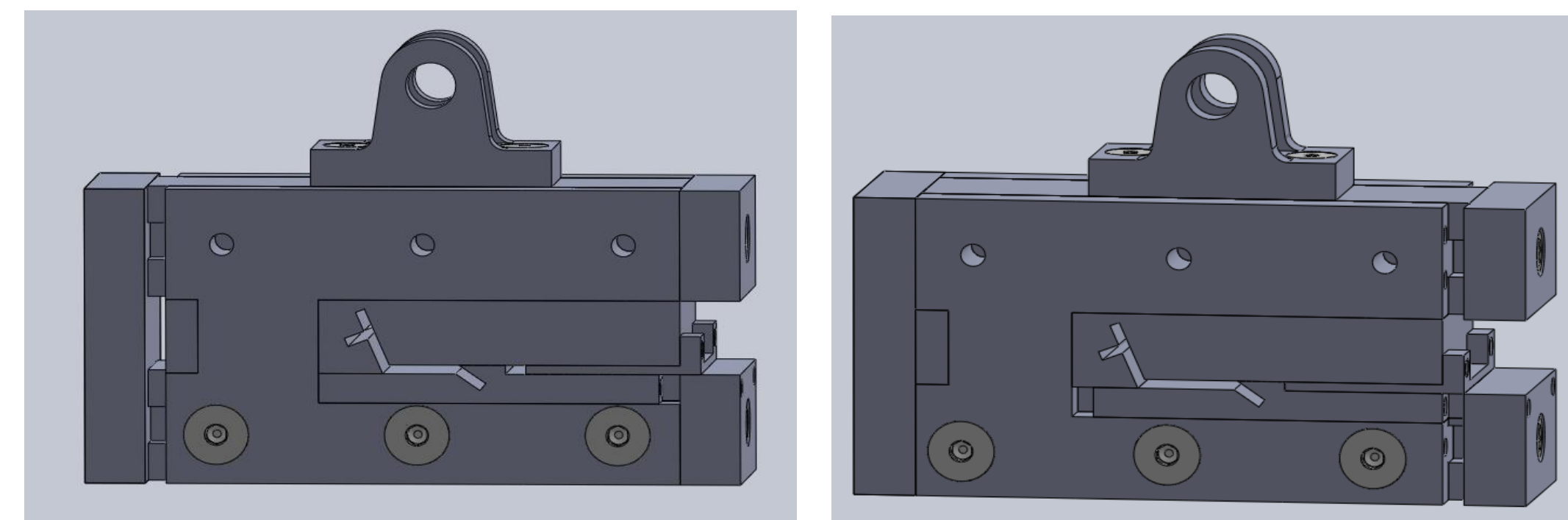
Variable Area

- cross sectional area varies with extrusion
- 3 unique parts
- Consistent exit plane



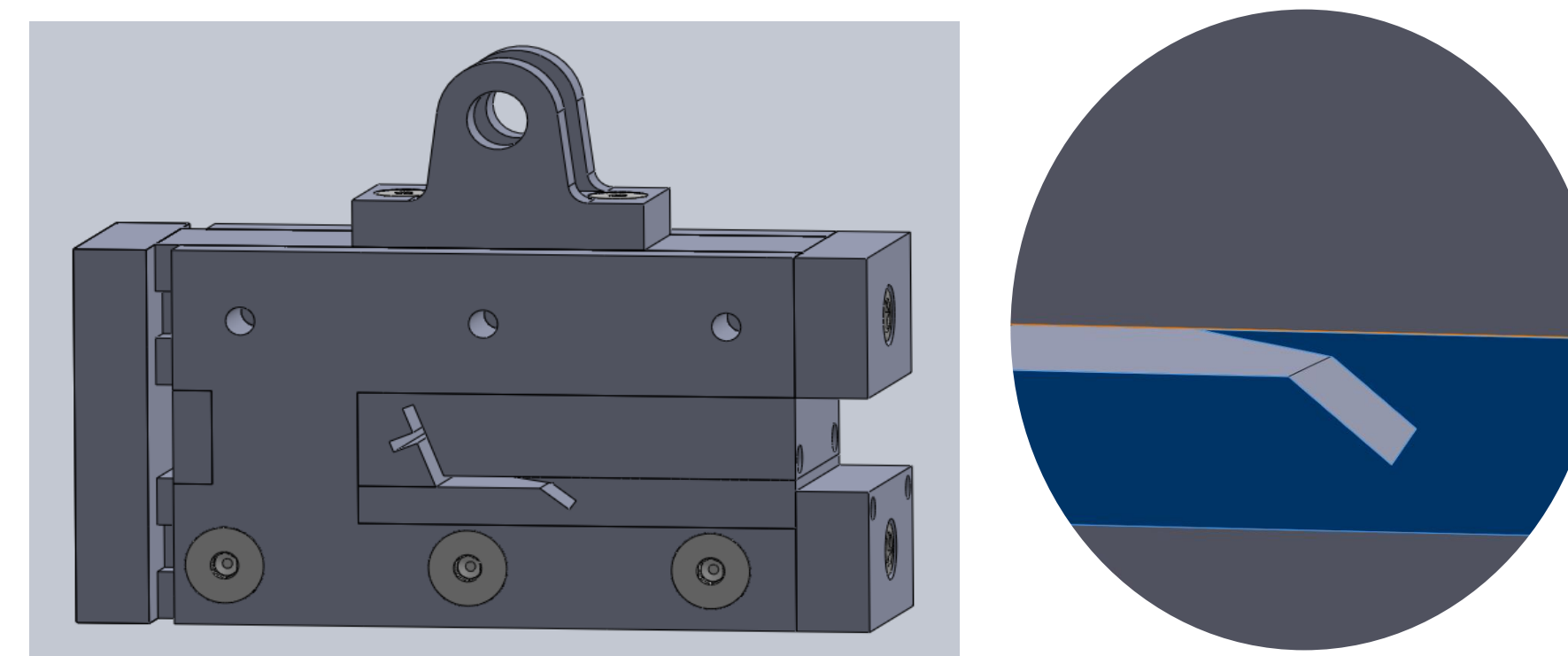
Constant Area

- Side channel closes as cross section opens
- 3 unique pieces
- Consistent exit plane



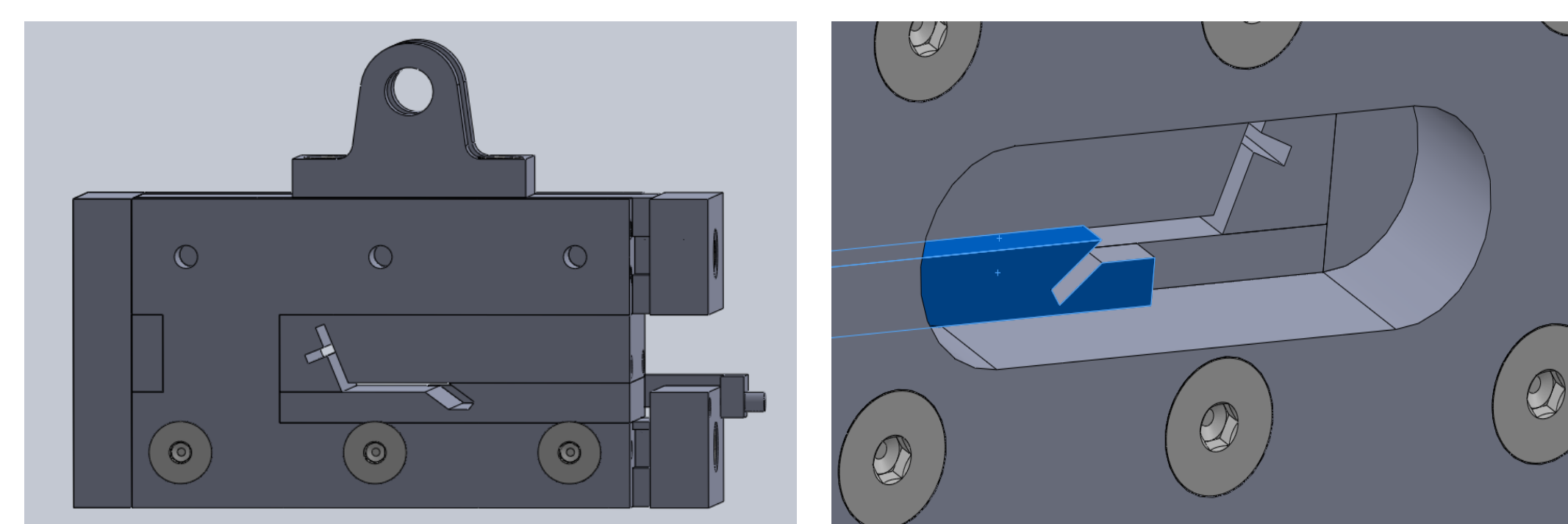
Knife Edge

- 2 unique pieces
- consistent exit plane



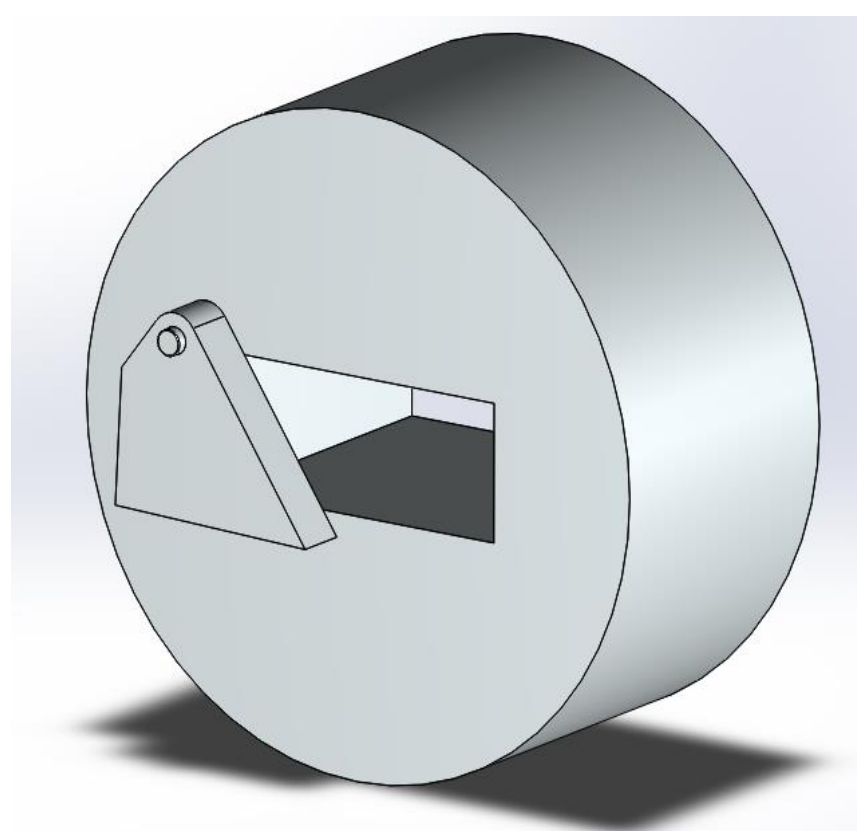
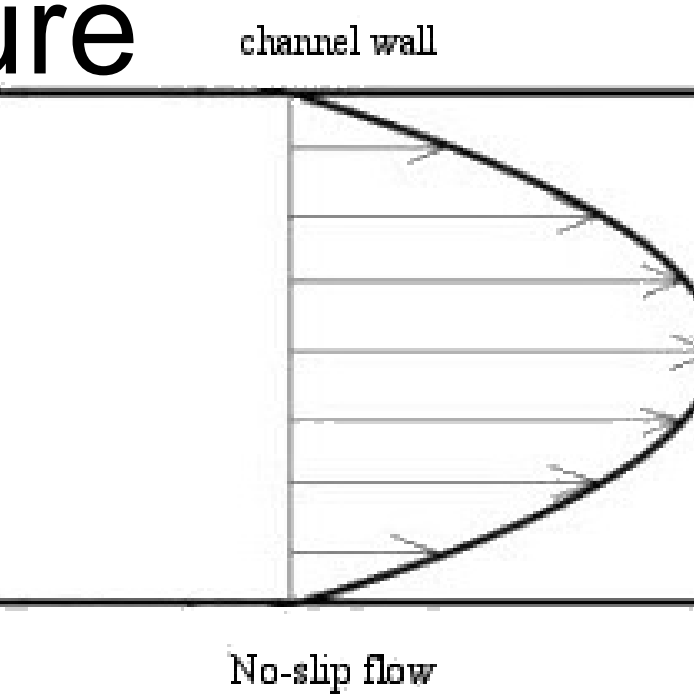
Dipper

- 3 unique pieces
- Variable exit plane



Design Challenges

- Combat high pressure and temperature
 - Polymer extrusion
 - Barrel temp: 300-500°F
 - Back pressure: 300-5000 ps
- Minimize leakage/provide adequate flow path
- Smooth die land during actuation to minimize turbulent flow
- Flat exit plane to prevent curling
- Prevent material from entering joint



Future Dies

- Increase die complexity drastically
- Replace more costly processes of current products with variable extrusion
- Optimize currently extruded products for application

Conclusion

- Variable Geometry Polymer Extrusion Dies
 - 1st batch of prototypes show promising results
 - Constant Area and Variable area have been tested.
 - Relative application of rigid body shape change
 - Has potential to improve manufacturing efficiency in extrusion area

