Inclusion in Schools for Students with Disabilities

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Inclusion of All Students in Schools
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Strategies for Inclusion
- Different types of inclusion that can aid students with varying disabilities.
- Peer support arrangements help students with disabilities to work inside a general education classroom.
- Communication between general and special education provide best support for inclusion.
- Music therapy helps students work on self control, and emotional regulation.
- Funds and resources provided to schools allow teachers to use different strategies with students.

Strategies for Working with Students with Dyslexia
- Students with dyslexia have similar struggles to differing degrees.
- Phonics strategy works on building abilities in syllables and pronunciation.
- Structures Writing Program Strategy analyzation of complex texts, concepts, and vocabulary.
- Neurodiversity View is the differences of students with and without disabilities.
- Build up students with attitude of inclusion and appreciating diversity.

Benefits of Inclusion
- Diverse learning levels are beneficial for the entire classroom.
- Students with disabilities involved in inclusion are more successful later in life than those who don’t.
- Daily interaction with students with disabilities decreases overall assumptions about the population.
- Communication skills at upmost importance for students with disabilities; best place for them to learn these skills is the general classroom.
- Strong relationships form through inclusion between mainstreamed students and students with disabilities.